





### **Technology Assessment**



# Assessment of the problem I Technology solution



### Proliferation of personal educata as a privacy problem



### Proliferation of personal data as a privacy problem



Security of information and communication?



Cryptography

**Data Minimization** 

### Security Pofainformation and Technologies communication?

**Data Confidentiality** 

Anonymous Communication



### Security of information and communication?

Goals:

Anonomization
Unlinkability
Unobservability
Confidentiality



## Proliferation of personal data as a privacy problem

Data Processing?



Regulatory Frameworks

**Contextual Integrity** 

### Datai Protesting?

Fair Information Principles

Privacy impact assessments



### Data Processing?

Goals:

Fair use of data
Ensuring human rights
Civil protections
Maintaining profitable use



### Proliferation of personal data as a privacy problem



#### **Informational Control?**

(Bundesverfassungsgericht)



#### **Informational Control?**

#### Information Ecosystem

**Identity Management Systems** 



Association of companies "developing the tools and systems for personal control over personal data."

Internet focused IDM systems and solutions

Fits with (EU) goals for data portability, user control, and the right to be forgotten





Personal Identity Provider (Identification, Verification, Authentication)



Connected to Service Provider (Relying party)

The consortium "envisions a future where people proactively control the integration, analysis, value extraction, and social collaborative opportunities arising from the digital exhaust from their own lives."

That is:



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#### **Privacy?**



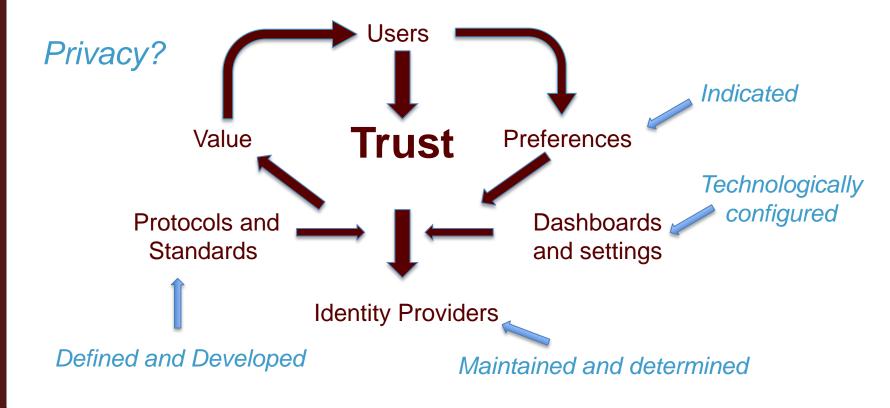
The ability of users to be responsible for their own data



Users are compensated for their data use









#### As mechanisms for Informational Self-Determination, data ecosystems are problematic

Personal data = commodity Where is information is being processed? Illusion of control Different 'personas' and overlaps in practice • Trust in identity providers and their Wost usid is mused big players Most data is unused How valuable is data? Highly individualistic

- Look-a-likes as proxies for privacy sensitive users Data is important only in relation to other data

### Potential for downstream abuse

Necessity of audit practices and verification



### Assessment of data ecosystems

- What privacy? What technology?
- User centric efforts rely upon privacy as a concept and reformulates it
  - Translates the use of personal information into an issue of personal control by turning it into a commodity
- Informational self determination
  - Advantages and disadvantages
  - Assessment of how technology addresses and defines a particular problem is critical

