



Ethical Dilemmas in Selecting Health Care Technologies in Israel

Dr. Miriam Ines Siebzehner, RN, MPA, PhD

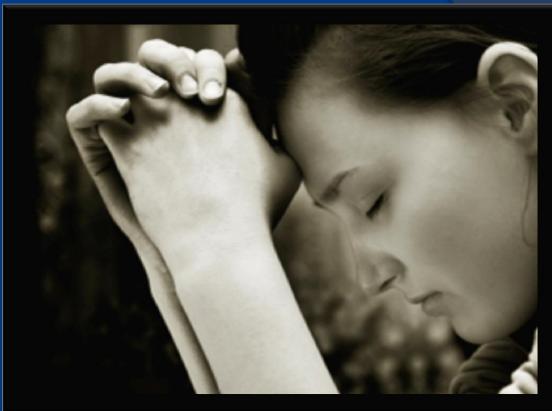
ICTAHC

The Gertner Institute for Epidemiology and Health Policy Research and Medical Administration, Ministry of Health, ISRAEL



"I have been suffering from psoriasis for the past 12 years. The disease erupted after the death of my only daughter, 11 years old, of leukemia.





Today I would like to ask you:

Who decides that a few weeks or months prolonging the life of a terminal patient is more important than 30 years of normal life for a psoriasis patient?"

To be or not to be?



Less for Many

More for Few



To be or not to be?





Indications:

Treatment for hypercholesterolemia and high risk of a cardiovascular event

Adjuvant treatment for HER2positive early breast cancer with a high risk of recurrence

Patients (p):

28,000

2,366

350

Cost/p (NIS)

66,235 mil

68,542

195,834

Benefits:

Overall cost

(million NIS)

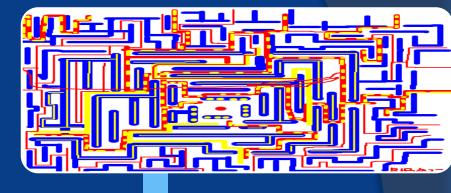
Reducing cardiovascular events, quality of life, long term

Reducing recurrence, life saving, short term

Outline

The Israeli Health Care System Characteristics

The National Health Insurance Law



Ethical dilemmas in decisionmaking

Health Technology Assessment

The Process of Updating the National List of Health Services

The Israeli Health Care System Characteristics

Inherent shortage of resources

Accelerated development of health technologies

pharmaceuticals, medical devices, medical procedures and information technology

Rising demand for advanced technologies - by

patients and health care providers

System mix -

public and private services

National Health Insurance Law





The National Health Insurance Law NHIL

"The N.H.I.L. is based on the principles of justice, equality and solidarity..."





The National Health Insurance Law – NHIL Selected Components

Universal coverage (mandatory)

Freedom of choice between the four Health Funds

Defined and universal package of health benefits – the National List of Health Services (NLHS)



Health Technology Assessment (HTA)

HTA is a multidisciplinary process that summarizes information about:

medical

social

economic

ethical issues

related to the use of a health technology in a systematic, transparent, unbiased, robust manner

The Process of Updating the NLHS (National List of Health Services)

Submission of candidate technologies for inclusion

Sorting, categorizing, gathering data

HTA

- Population needs, safety, efficacy, effectiveness
- Economic assessment

Literature review & Expert consultations & Sub-Committee

National Councils, Professional Unions, Health Funds

Medical Technology Forum - MOH

Priority – High/ Medium/ Low

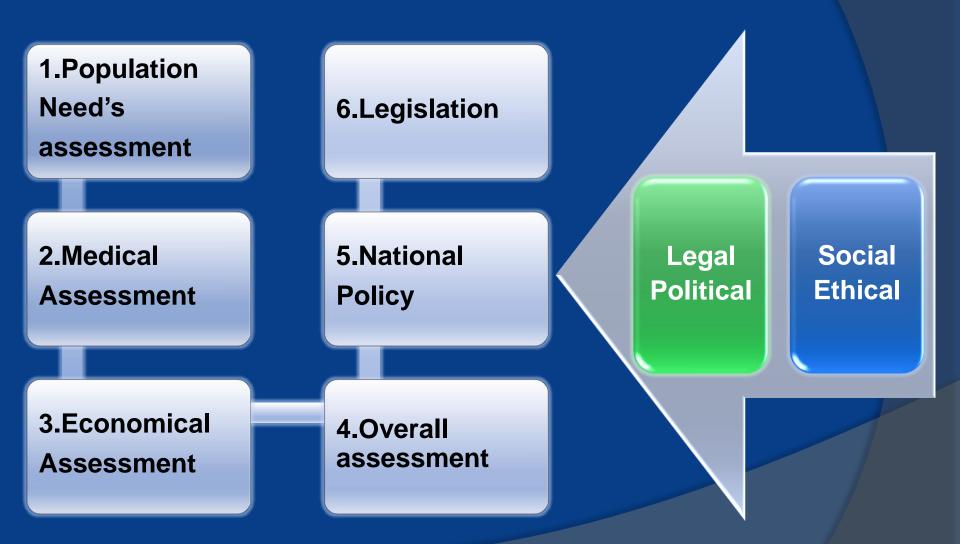
Public National Committee Deliberations

January-March **April-July** Aug.-Sept. October Nov-Dec

Recommendations for inclusion

The Process of Updating the National List of Health Services

The Israeli HTA Model





The process of updating the NLHS Public National Advisory Committee

Affordability for the individual / society

Coverage for vulnerable population Save life

Selected

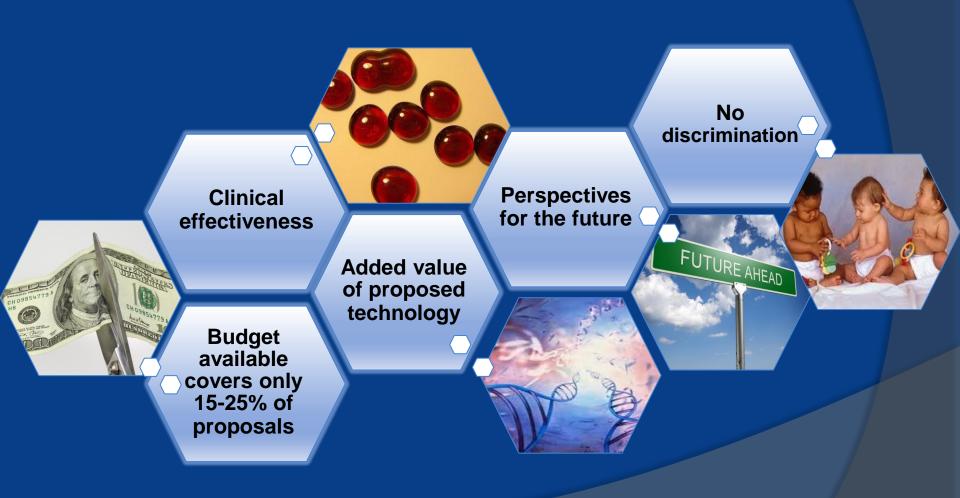
Principles

Coverage for the majority

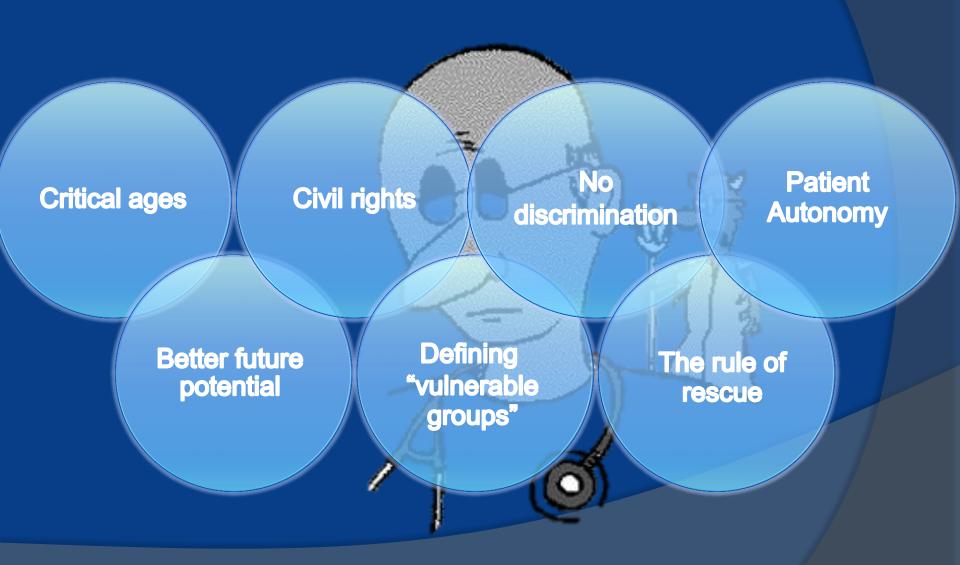
Improve quality of life

Prevent suffering

The process of updating the NLHS Basic premises



Dilemmas in Decision Making Ethical Considerations



Conclusions

Even though the process faces many dilemmas, it provides a pragmatic model, striking a balance among clinical, economical, social, ethical, legal, technocratic and political input in managing access to health care





